NO BLUFF ABOUT PUBLICITY

TAFT AND SHELDON MAKE THEIR SINCERITY CLEAR.

All Contributions Will Be Reported to lieadquarters in New York and Will Be Published From There-Taft Pleased, but Silent at Bryan's Nomination.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 10.-Statements made here to-day by Mr. Taft and George R. Sheldon, the new treasurer of the Republican national committee, go far toward dissipating any doubt that may have arisen as to the sincerity of the party managers in proposing publicity about campaign receipts and expenditures. Mr. Taft said after conferring with Mr. Sheldon:

"Mr. Sheldon and I are in entire accord on this question of publicity. We are going to have real publicity if we can, and I believe we can. There will be one headquarters in New York ofty and all contributions to the national campaign will be reported to it and made public under the New York State law."

Mr. Sheldon was equally frank in his statement. "The name of every contributor to the national campaign fund, with the amount he gives," said he, "will be reported to Albany after election, in accordance with the terms of the law. It makes no difference in what part of the country the contribution is made or where it is expended, it will be reported to and recorded in the treasurer's headquarters in New York city. There are, of course, ways of evading the law, but I want to state that we do not intend to look for them. We have come out for publicity, and that is what we are going

Personally Mr. Sheldon does not believe in making public the name of a contributor to a campaign fund any more than he does the name of a contributor to a charitable organization. In the latter case the man as soon as his name appears is subjected to all sorts of importunities from other organizations. So also with the man whose name appears on a list of contributors to a political campaign fund.

Mr. Sheldon believes that money is going to come hard in this campaign, but he does not think that the publicity proposition is going to affect the total amount contributed to any extent. It was his experience in the Hughes campaign, when he was treasurer of the State committee, that men contributed just as readily when they knew their names were to be made public as they did before.

They objected at first, but invariably saw the right side of the proposition and agreed that it was the better way. It is Mr. Sheldon's prediction that the people of the United States will be surprised, just as the people of New York State were after the Hughes election, to find out what it really costs to run the campaign. The real figures, he was convinced, would fall far short of those which the public has been estimating in past campaigns.

Mr. Sheldon believed that in the national campaign, as in the Hughes campaign for Governor, the publicity law would have the effect of popularizing the contributions. The sums are likely to be smaller, but there will be more of them. Mr. Sheldon is preparing to send out a popular circular, as he did in the Hughes campaign, calling for subscriptions.

"We are going to give the public all the facts," said Mr. Sheldon, "and I believe that in this course we will have the support the best men in the country."
With the nomination of Bryan at Denver, politicians here are convinced that the lines in this campaign are going to be drawn just as they were in the free silver camraign with radicalism on the one side and conservatism on the other. That general issue, it is believed here, will overshadow any single proposition, and it is the issue which the Republicans will push to the

Incidentally the sub-committeemen of the had their eye on this fact when they adopted the publicity proposition. Every busi-ness man, they argue now, who desires to contribute to the Republican campaign fund will find ample excuse in the Bryan menace and will have no scruples about

publicity. Ex-Gov. Franklin Murphy of New Jersey, who was here to-day, also spoke up for the publicity plan. "I have never known of a campaign contribution," said he, "tha could not have been reported to the public. I am gl the Republican leaders have decided to come out before the public in this matter. If it does nothing else it will dispel the notion many people have that millions of dollars are spent in a national

ampaign and that corporations get favors campaign and that corporations get favors for their big contributions."

Mr. Murphy is national committeeman from New Jersey and Mr. Taft was discussing with him the situation in that State.

"With the nomination of Bryan," said Mr. Murphy "savery State court of the Alle Mr. Murphy, "every State east of the Alle-ghanies is safely for Taft. Where we will have our fight is in the West, in the States where Bryan radicalism is popular. have no doubt of the election of Mr. Taft. Mr. Taft will make a porch campaign ast as McKinley did in his second cam paign. This was decided upon at a conference to-day between Mr. Taft and Chairman Frank Hitchcock and Treasurer Sheldon. The campaign speeches will be made from the porch of his brother's house in Cincinnati—that is, if a porch is built to the house. Mr. Taft is going to spend all next week working on his letter of accept-

He will be for three days in Cincinnati when he goes there to be notified of his nomination on the 28th of this month. After that he will return to Hot Springs and will remain here until September 1. Then he will go back to Cincinnati and remain there sixty days, receiving delegations. Ir. Taft said at the conference to-day

he had turned the conduct of the campaign over to Mr. Hitchcock and Mr. Sheldon. I attended only one national convention, said he, "and that was the Democratic convention which nominated Hancock in

convention which nominated Hancock in 1880. I have never taken any part in running a campaign and I want to do as little of it this time as I can."

Under the terms of the peace made with Arthur I. Vorys of Ohio, however, Vorys is to report directly to Mr. Taft on the Ohio campaign instead of Mr. Hitchcock, so that the candidate will not be free altogether of mixing up with the campaign tether of mixing up with the campaign

William Nelson Cromwell, the New York lawyer who proposed Mr. Sheldon's name for the treasurership, to-day joined in the conference with the two managers and Mr. Tate Mr. Taft. Postmaster-General George von L. Meyer, who is one of the candidate's closest friends, also was here in an ad-

visory capacity.

Mr. Taft heard of Bryan's nomination early in the morning. He smiled and was plainly pleased but said nothing for publication. The candidate took a round at solf with the candidate took a round at the Postmaster-General and ater went horseback riding up the moun-tains. Mr. Taft is collecting a fine coat of

of tan and also is losing some weight.

Wade Ellis, Attorney-General of Ohio,
will be here to-morrow to see Mr. Taft. Ellis, it is siad, has been slated to succeed Milton J. Purdy as Assistant United States Attorney-General. Purdy, who was the Administration's chief trust buster, has been appointed as a Federal District. Judge in Minnesota.

Warden Connolly the "Regular" Shrievalty Candidate in Hudson County.

Warden Thomas P. Connolly of the Hudson county jail in Jersey City announced yesterday that he would run at the September primaries as a candidate for the sh-levalty nomination. He will be backed he "regulars" and opposed by James W. arthy, chairman of the New Idea cen-Republican committee of Hudson

VORYS IS CONTENT.

Says He Will Do Everything in His Power for the Success of Taft.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 10 .- A. I. Vorys, who has been spending several days at his home in Lancaster, returned to his Columbus office this afternoon. When asked about the recent action of the Republican national sub-committee he said:

"I enlisted for the nomination of Secretary Taft. When he was nominated my only desire was that he and the national committee would do whatever they thought best for the promotion of his election. Therefore I am content with their action.

"I believe that Taft will be as overwhelming a candidate before the people for the election as he was before the Republicans for the nomination. I will do everything in my power for the election of both the national and State tickets. The sub-committee has designated a place for me in the national campaign, apparently conforming in its functions to what Secretary Taft discussed with me several days ago. I am not yet fully and definitely advised concerning it, but have no doubt it will be of an agreeable

It is not expected here that Mr. Vorvs will have anything to do with the State ticket, although all of his time will be given to the campaign in Ohio.

TAFT DAY CELEBRATION.

Programme of the Ceremonies on the Day He is to Be Notified of His Nomination.

CINCINNATI, July 10.-The committee representing both the city and the notification committee of the Republican national committee, which visited Judge Taft yesterday at Hot Springs in connection with the coming celebration of Taft day, or the day on which Taft is to be formally notified in this city of his nomination, reported the programme to-day as it was acquiesced in by Judge Taft. As early as 7 o'clock on the morning of July 28 batteries will fire salutes from each of the four large hilltops surrounding the city. Band concerts in various parts of the city will follow and continue most of the day.

At 10 A. M. there will be a presentation of a flag to Charles P. Taft by citizens and a formal raising of the flag on the lawn at his home. The formal notification speech by Senator Warner, chairman of the notification committee, will be made very shortly after the noon hour and will be followed

after the noon hour and will be followed by Judge Taft's speech of acceptance. These exercises will take place on a big platform that will cover a great part of the lawn in front of Charles P. Taft's residence.

Following the speeches will be an informal reception by Judge Taft to the people and a review of marching clubs from this and other cities of the State. A buffet luncheon will be given at Charles P. Taft's residence to the notification committee (consisting of one member from each State and Territory of the Union) and invited guests. guests.

There will be automobile rides about the

city and other entertainments for the visit-ing committeemen in the afternoon. At night there will be a fine display of fireworks from the public landing on the Ohio River front and from barges. Judge Taft and the notification committeemen and invited guests are to view this display from a steamboat engaged for the occas-

NOT TO HAVE AN OPERATION. Mr. Sherman Says His Physician Advises

Him to Keep Quiet. UTICA, July 10.- "There is no truth in the published statement that I have decided to go to Baltimore for an operation," said Congressman Sherman, Republican Vice-Presidential nominee, at his home here this afternoon. "I am advised by Dr. Gibson to keep quiet and to recover my strength the first thing I do. There is no prospect of an operation at present."

When Mr. Sherman suffered previous attacks of gallstones he recuperated rapidly, but in the present instance his recovery has been much slower, though this is not causing any special alarm among his amily and friends

Mr. Sherman had a telegram to-day from Judge Taft expressing his pleasure over the news that Mr. Sherman is regaining his nealth. Another telegram was from Frank H. Hitchcock, chairman of the Repub'ican national committee, saying that he will come to Utica the first of next week for a onference with Sherman. Mr. Sherman was asked if there was any

ruth in the statement that he was to continue at the head of the Congressional com-mittee, and he replied: "I have never had any other idea than to retire from the chairman

other idea than to reture from the chairman-ship at the proper time."

When asked whether it was true that a plan was on foot to combine the national committee and Congressional committee so that he could give attention to both Mr. Sherman replied that it was not true. He added that such a scheme was not feasible. dded that such a scheme was not feasible as the work of the two committees is so different. In some States where the na-tional committee will deem it unnecessary to do any considerable work the Congres

actively.

Mr. Sherman expects Senator Hemenway and Representative McKinley here to-morrow for a conference.

SUMMONED TO HOT SPRINGS.

lenator Dick and Elmer Dover Go There to Consult With Taft.

WASHINGTON, July 10 .- Senator Charles Dick and Elmer Dover, secretary of the Republican national committee, left for Hot springs to-night, having been summoned by William H. Taft for a conference. Mr. Dover will continue to act as secretary of the national committee. Senator Dick declared before leaving that everything was harmonious in Ohio and that all elements of the Republicans in that State would be found working for Taft in the campaign. The selection of Hitchcock for national chairman was entirely agreea ble to Senator Dick. He said the candidate had always had the right of naming his campaign manager and that there was no disposition to deny Mr. Taft that privilege. He added that Mr. Hitchcock had certainly arned the honor by his good work for the

Democrat Tells Locb He Will Bet \$10,000

to \$5,000 That Taft Wins. OYSTER BAY, July 10.-Secretary Loeb received to-day a letter from a former New York State Senator and Tammany man oledging his support to Candidate Taft. Mr. Loeb would not give out the name of his correspondent. He said, however, that the ex-Senator had offered to bet Tom Taggart \$10,000 to \$5,000 that Bryan would not be elected and a like amount at the same odds

\$2.50 **Atlantic City**

Pennsylvania Railroad

SPECIAL TRAIN Leaves West 23d Street... Desbrosses and Cort.andt Streets7:18 " RETURNING

CLEVELAND'S WILL PROBATED

NINE BEQUESTS TOTAL \$51,000 -RESIDUE FOR WIDOW.

Ex-President Provided \$10,000 Each for His Children and Gave Mementoes to a Nephew and Richard Watsen Gilder -Value of Estate Not Reported.

PRINCETON, N. J., July 10 .- The will of Grover Cleveland was probated at his late home in this place to-day and just before the close of the office at 5 o'clock this afternoon was filed with the Surrogate of Mercer county in this city. Apart from the disposition of a few personal effects and bequests of \$10,000 to each of his four children, \$3,000 to his niece and \$2,000 to each of the four daughters of his nephew. Richard Hastings, Mr. Cleveland left his entire estate to his wife.

The Democratic simplicity of Mr. Cleveland was manifested by the first paragraph in his will, in which he directed that his grave should be marked with a modest monument, briefly inscribed, and that he should be buried in the place where he resided at the time of his death. He further directed that his body should not be removed from its first resting place unless it should be absolutely necessary in order that it might repose by the side of his wife. Mr. Cleveland named Mrs. Cleveland as executrix and Frank S. Hastings as executor.

Mrs. Cleveland arrived in Princeton today and was met by Bayard Stockton, who had custody of the will until it was deposited in the Surrogate's office for safe keeping. Surrogate John W. Cornell came to Princeton to relieve Mrs. Cleveland from the necessity of appearing at the court house. There were also present the two witnesses of the will, Prof. Andrew F. West, dean of the graduate school of Princeton University, and John H. Finley, president of the College of the City of New York.

The application for probate did not contain any inventory of the estate of Mr. Cleveland, and his executors are not aware of the value of either his real or personal property. The will itself is a holographic document which was prepared by Mr. Cleveland in 1906. Textually it is as follows:

I, Grover Cleveland of the Borough of Princeton, in the State of New Jersey, do make, publish and declare this my last will and testament, hereby expressly revoking all previous wills by me made.

First—I hereby direct that after the pay-

ment of all my debts and funeral expenses an appropriate monument with brief inscription and only moderately expensive be erected at my grave and paid for out of my may reside at the time of my death, and that my body shall always remain where it shall be at first buried subject to its removal only if it shall be absolutely necessary in order that it shall repose by the side of my wife and in accordance with her desire. Second-I give to my niece Mary Hastings,

daughter of my sister Anna Hastings, the sum of \$3,000 to be paid to her as soon as practicable after my death. Third-I give to my friend, Richard Watson Gilder, the watch given to me in 1893 by the

said Gilder and E. C. Benedict and J. B. Sinclair, and also the chain attached to the same when last worn by me. Fourth-I give to each of the four daughters of my nephew, Richard Hastings, now or lately living with my sister Anna Hastings,

the sum of \$2,000 each. Fifth-I give to Frank S. Hastings, my good friend and executor of this will, as the most personal memento I can leave to him, the seal ring I have worn for many years, with whose hearty concurrence this gift is

Sixth-I give to my two daughters, Esther and Marion, and to my two sons, Richard F. and Francis G., the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) each, to be paid to them respectively as they each shall arrive at the age of 21 years. Until these legacies are paid, or shall lapse, they shall be kept invested and the income derived therefrom shall be paid to my wife; and the aggregates of said income shall be applied by her to the support. n such manner and in such proportions as she shall deem best, without any liability to any of said children on account thereof. If before her legacy becomes payable, cease for any reason to reside with her mother, then and from that time the income arising from the investment of her legacy shall be paid to said daughter. In case either of my said children shall die before his or her legacy shall be actially paid, leaving a child, or children, then said legacy shall be paid to such child or children; but otherwise the said legacy shall lapse and become a part of the residuary estate disposed of by this instrument.

Seventh-All the rest and residue of my estate and property of which I may die seized or possessed, of every kind and nature and levise and bequeath to my dear wife. Frances all my children during their minority

orever, and I hereby appoint her guardian of Eighth-I hereby appoint my wife, Frances F. Cleveland, executrix, and Frank S. Hastings executor of this my last will and testa-

Witness my hand and seal at Princeton N. J., this 21st day of February, one thousand

nine hundred and six (1906). GROVER CLEVELAND

The foregoing instrument was on the day bears date signed by Grover Cleveland, the testator therein named, in the presence of each of us, and we both being present at the same time, and the said testator did then and there acknowledge and declare to us and each of us that said instrument was his last will and testament, and thereupon we did in the presence of each other and of said testator hereto as attesting witnesses.

JOHN H. FINLEY, New York City, N. Y.

SMALL THEFT CHARGED TO COP. Policeman Accused by Two Women

Chrystle Street. Policeman Richard J. Murphy, who was rrested on Monday, charged with stealing some jewelry from Anna Schmidt, who lives in Chrystie street, was again arraigned in the Essex Market police court yesterday on a second charge of larceny made by Mrs. Anna Yee, the white wife of a China-

Mrs. Yee alleged that Murphy demanded \$25 from her. He didn't get it. He took, she charged, an opium pipe worth \$5 and 75 cents besides \$1 from her husband and four pawntickets valued at \$13.
Sergt. Thompson, who arrested Murphy

man, who also lives in Chrystie street.

and Capt. Cray were in court to press the charge against Murphy.

Magistrate Crane set the case down for a hearing on July 15 and paroled Murphy in the custody of his counsel.

OYSTER BAY, July 10 .- An invitation to visit the Alaskan-Yukon-Pacific Exposition to be held in Seattle next year reached President Roosevelt to-day. The invitation is engrossed on caribou skin with the motto
"No boundary line here" at the top. Secretary Loeb said that owing to the President's plans for the African hunting trip
he would be unable to attend the exposition.

With \$1,000 in Cash.

AMITY, Col., July 10 .- A posse is in pursuit of the two armed men who held up the First National Bank of this place yes-terday and escaped on horseback with \$1,000 in cash. They entered the bank unmasked and bound and gagged John Davy, the

BURGLAR SENT UP FOR LIFE

And a Pyromaniae for 80 Years—87 Others Arraigned for Sentence in Queens. Thirty-nine prisoners were sentenced yesterday by Judge Burt J. Humphrey in

Long Island City. It was a record day in the history of Queens county. Under the habitual criminal act the Judge gave Robert Winfield, 27 years old, a stalwart West Indian negro, a life sentence in Sing Sing, while Stephen J. Ingalls, 32 years old, confirmed pyromaniac, was sentenced to Sing Sing for thirty years. Fifteen sentences aggregated eighty-eight years. Twelve of the prisoners got off with suspended sentences and ten were sent to reformatories.

A furniture van was used by Sheriff Herbert S. Harvey in taking the prisoners to and from the old Queens county jail in Jackson avenue to the improvised county court rooms in the police station in Fourth street, Long Island City.

In sentencing Winfield, who had pleaded guilty to a charge of burglary, Judge Humphrey told the prisoner that he be-lieved he was guilty of quite every crime in the calendar and that he had been im-

in the calendar and that he had been imprisoned in about every jail in the country. As he was led out of the court room Winfield said his only regret was that the sentence prevented him from killing Lieutenant John Butler, connected with the District Attorney's office.

Ingalls, the firebug, was captured out at Bayside following a reign of terror throughout that section which terminated with the burning of the Bayside Yacht Club house, causing a loss of \$20,000. In his talk with Judge Humphrey Ingalls admitted firing other houses in Bayside. He has already served several terms in prison for arson and it developed that the Bayside crime was his eighth offence. Ingalls comes from East Gloucester, Mass., and is well educated. He said that whenever he drank he was seized with a mania for firing buildings.

BLAME PRESTON FOR QUITTING. Socialist Laborites Say He Lacked Back-

bone-Seek a New Candidate. No further word came yesterday to the national committee of the Socialist Labor party from Martin R. Preston, the convict nominee for President, who has refused to run, and the members of the committee had come to the conclusion reluctantly that it was hardly likely that any further word would be received from him. A sub-committee of the national committee will meet on Wednesday and recommend a substitute for Preston to the national committee.

In his telegram refusing the nomination Preston said he had been advised by his lawyer, who is trying to have his case appealed, not to accept the nomination and to keep as little as possible in the limelight. A member of the committee said:

"Preston has shown plainly that he has no backbone. If he had had the proper kind of courage he would have accepted at all cost as a matter of principle. What a tremendous issue it would have been if Preston had accepted. Here is a man, a working man, sent to prison ostensibly for murder, when his real offence was doing picket duty in aid of workers who were trying to better their condition, as the man acted only in self-defence. He did not run away, as he was confident he had not committed murder."

Official statements were made vectorious

Official statements were made yesterday on behalf of the Socialist Labor party that Preston is the issue still. One of the statements savs:

"The nomination of Preston for President of the nation by the Socialist Labor party is the most telling stroke dealt at this critical hour in the labor movement in behalf of the integrity of unionism."

\$50,000 FIRE IN SOUTH RIVER. six Buildings in the New Jersey Town

Burned-No Fire Protection. NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., July 10 .- The main part of the business section of South River, a village four miles from here, was wiped out by fire this afternoon. The village has no water system and no fire protection but a chemical engine, and the flames quickly got beyond control of the

bucket brigade. New Brunswick was called on and three ngines responded, but they couldn't use the salt water from the Raritan River in their boilers and before a supply of fresh water had been obtained to enable the engine to pump salt water on the flames, six buildings had been destroyed. Among the buildings wiped out were the

Whitehead Building, containing the post office, Citizens' Hall, and an undertaking shop; Arthur Levy's jewelry store, George Serviss's confectionery store, and the resi-dences of ex-Mayor Bissett and Dr. A. L. Wood. Most of the contents of these buildings were saved but the fire loss will reach \$50,000.

An agitation for an adequate water avatem has been on in South River for some time, and only Thursday night a meeting was called to interest the citizens in the subject. There has been great opposition on account of the probable cost of installing the water works, but this appears to have been wiped out by to-day's fire.

FALLS TO DEATH WHILE ASLEEP. Hoboken Man Had Been Sleeping in Chair by an Open Window.

Sanford A. Hansen, a machinist, 40 years old, was killed yesterday morning by falling while asleep, it is supposed, from the third story window of his home at 931 Willow avenue, Hoboken. His skull was fractured and both legs, an arm and several ribs broken by the fall.

Hansen, who was a heavy man, had been in he habit of sleeping in the hot weather in a the habit of sleeping in the hot weather in a chair by the open window, and when Mrs. Hansen awoke at 2 A. M. yesterday and found the chair vacant, tilted against the sill, she at once realized what had happened. Calling some neighbors she hurried to the yard, where they found her husband's body in the cellar areaway. When a physician arrived Hansen was dead. arrived Hansen was dead.

TRAIN ROBBERS CAPTURED. fexican Rurales Rush Camp of Brigands in Guerrero.

MEXICO CITY, July 10.—The members of the band of brigands who recently attacked the pay train of the Los Grados Mining Company near Balsas, Guerrero, killing four armed guards and getting away with \$4,000, have all been captured.

A force of rurales surrounded their camp near Texpan yesterday and a hard fight took place, finally resulting in the capture of the whole band.

Auto Hits a Pole, Three Hurt.

FREEPORT, L. I., July 10 .- An automo bile containing Charles A. Sigmond, president of the Charles A. Sigmond Company, 171 Broadway, New York; Edith A. Sigmond his wife; Frank Chisholm, Mr. Sigmond's brother-in-law, and Joseph Hirsch, in turning out to avoid a wagon ran into a telephone pole on the Hempstead road early to-day, hurling the occupants of the car te the road and seriously injuring Mr. and Mrs. Sigmond. Chisholm was knocked senseless, but was unhurt. Hirsch was cut and bruised and one of his wrists was Neighbors hurried to the aid of the injured persons and they were carried to the Sig-mond home. The car took fire and was

Dense Cloud of Mosquitoes. OTTAWA, July 10 .- A dense cloud of mos uitoes went into New Westminster, Britsh Columbia, in such swarms to-day that they drove the workmen from the Frazer River mills. A baby at Cloverdale was so badly bitten that it is likely to die.



"Putt! Putt!"

Can't you hear it just round the island? It's one of the thousand motor boats at the Thousand Islands.

And motor boating is only one of the thousand diversions -others are fishing, camping, dancing, rowing, tennis, loafing and just eating—for you want to there.

Fast through trains leave Grand Central Station morning, noon and night for Clayton, the gateway to the Thousand Islands.

Our 48-page folder containing a fine map 16x48 inches and telling of the delights of Islands dinners club rambles, house boating, fishing and yachting now ready. Call at any ticket office or send a 2 cent stamp to Advertising Department, Room 1335, Grand Central Station, New York City.

Tickets and Sleeping-Car Accommodations

Ticket offices at Grand Central Station and the Station at 125th Street are open day and night every day in the year. Principal downtown ticket office, 1216 Broadway, is open every day (holidays and Sundays included), from 8:00



"AMERICA'S GREATEST

Branch ticket offices open 8:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M. at the following places: NEW YORK: 149, 245, 415 and 1916 Broadway, 225 Fifth Ave., 275 Columbus Avenue and 251 West 125th Street. BROOKLYN: 338 and 726 Fulton Street and 954 Broadway.

Railroad and Pullmantickets can be secured at any of these offices, or will be delivered upon request by special representative who can answer all questions. Address L. F. Vosburgh, 1916 B'way. Phone 5680 Madison.

FIERCE BATTLE NEAR PINE CAMP. SUBWAY SIDE DOORS ORDERED. P. A. B. WIDENER'S VAN DYCKS. The Brown Army Attacks the Blue Regulars and Is Repulsed.

A.M to 10:00 P.M.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., July 10,--The Blue and Brown armies in the mimic war game at Pine Camp crept up close to each other last night and came together this morning between 2 and 3 o'clock. The fiercest battle of the war was fought at Little Hogsback, not far from the camp. All of the regulars were engaged in the battle.

The problem was that a Brown army was operating in a friendly territory near Watertown, and a Blue army, which was in the vicinity, twenty miles northeast of North Wilna, sent out a detachment to destroy the railroad between Carthage and Philadelphia. The Blue commander learned that a superior Brown force of all arms was near Felt's Mills and took up a position on the flank of the enemy's line of advance. There they strongly entrenched themselves ready for the attack

Major J. B. McDonald, commanding the and a battery of artillery, occupied the Little Hogsback. This information was furnished by a farmer near the camp, who feared if the Blues won no parcels post would be established. He ran breathlessly into the camp of the Browns and informed the commander of the presence of the

The Brown army attacked the position in the centre at 2:15, the Third Artillery, supported by the Twenty-fourth Infantry supported by the Twenty-fourth Infantry and the engineers with machine guns, at once opening a rapid fire. The charge of the Brown forces all along the line was met with a galling fire. Owing to the glaertness of the Blue regulars two sections of the Brown artillery were able to unlimber, only to be surprised and compelled to gallop off to the woods, one section narrowly escaping capture. A red umbrella rocket caping capture. A red umbrella rocket bursting overhead ended the manœuvres at 3:15 this morning. The troops at once returned to camp and reveille was not sounded until 7:15, owing to the hard night's work. Entrenchments were built during

the manœuvres by the engineers and the Twenty-fourth Infantry The Blue and Brown militia did not meet again until after 10 A. M. to-day. The battle was in the vicinity of Sterlingville, where the Brown forces, under Col. William Price of the Third Pennsylvania, made an attempt to get into camp. Pitted against him was the Blue army under Charles F. Macklin of the Maryland National Guard. Both commanders displayed considerable military science, and it will be some time before the umpires give their decision, but the opinion prevails that the Blue army was successful in holding off the attacking

Gen. Grant to-day that on account of ill-ness he would be unable to visit Pine Camp. Cornelius Vanderbilt will arrive to-mor-row morning. Mrs. Fred Grant is expected row morning. Mrs. Fred Grant is expected to-night or to-morrow morning. When the first battalion of the Twenty-fourth |Infantry leaves camp it will go to Camp Perry, Ohio, for target practice, and Troop G of the Thirteenth Cavalry goes to Gettysburg, Pa., to act as provost marshal guard at the camp of Pennsylvania State troops. The Fifth Infantry will march to Plattsburg Barracks. The second battalion of the Twelfth Infantry goes to Plattsburg Barracks for target practice. The Thirteenth Cavalry will go to Fort The Thirteenth Cavalry will go to Fort Niagara for target practice and then to Washington. Batteries D and E, Third Field Artillery, will go to Wilkesbarre, Pa., by train and from there will march to Fort

Gov. Woodruff of Connecticut telegraphed

BELLS ON METROPOLITAN TOWER.

World, at the 46th Story. A set of bronze bells, the deepest toned and most costly in [the world, is to be installed on the marble base running around the forty-sixth story of the Metropolitan Life Building in Madson Square. The company awarded the contract yesterday to the Meneely Bell Company of Troy, N. Y., and the bells will be cast in about four months.

There will be four bells, weighing respec

There will be four bells, weighing respectively 7,000, 3,000, 2,000 and 1,500 pounds, which will be set solid on stanchions at each of the four corners. They will be operated every fifteen minutes by a clock, which will chime the Cambridge Quarter. They will exceed in weight and cost the famous bells in St. Mary's at Cambridge, England; St. Peter's, Rome; Notre Dame, Paris; the Cathedral at Milan and the House of Parliament in London. ment in London.

The bells will not only have the deepest toned clock peal in the world but will be more than twice as high above the street level as any tower bells in existence. The idea was adopted from \$2.2 \text{ xy's, Cambridge.}

RAILWAY SYSTEM" Two Express Trains to Be So Equipped

and He Put in Service by October 15.

The Public Service Commission has decided to make a practical test of the recommendations of Bion J. Arnold to improve the subway service and issued yesterday a peremptory order directing the company to equip sixteen of its cars with side doors, to be placed, as suggested by Mr. Arnold, not in the centre of the cars, as on the Hudson tunnel system, but at the ends of the cars. The sixteen cars will make up two express trains. The order directs that they shall be ready for

service by October 15. The company has until July 15 to inform the commission whether or not the order will be complied with. Although none of the officials of the company was prepared to talk about the order last night, it can be

asserted that it will be complied with. The action taken by the commission yesterday was based on a report made Brown force, learned while in bivouac near | by Commissioner Eustis, who presided over Commissioner Eustis answers the objecproblem was threshed out. In his report tions raised by the Interborough. One was that in order to make the side doors effective the people would have to be educated to come in one door and out of the other and that owing to the congested the other and that owing to the congested condition of the platforms at some of the stations it would be impossible for people wanting to get in to get through the crowd.

"I am thoroughly satisfied," says Mr. Eustis, "that there is nothing in this objection. I believe in the intelligence of the people travelling upon the subway and that they would willingly adapt themselves to a change which gave them one door for

to a change which gave them one door for exit and one for entrance in place of having o submit to an exit and entrance through Another objection raised by the Inter-borough is the loss of 15 per cent. of the number of seats in each car, which would increase their car mileage by a very large number of miles. "This can be overcome in so far as the required seating capacity is to be enforced by this commission," says he same door and at the same time in so far as the required seating capacity is to be enforced by this commission," says Mr. Eustis, "by allowing the cars that are first equipped with side doors to be rated with their original number of seats until there have been a sufficient number of there have been a sufficient number of cars changed so that the benefits derived from the shorter intervals at station stops can be fully realized. It is very evident that by changing a few of the trains and putting them in service on the express line no substantial benefits can be obtained, because those trains will not be able to go any faster than they are scheduled, and any faster than they are scheduled, and the schedule can only be adapted upon the speed of the slowest train in the circuit. The only direct benefit that will be received by the people will be the doing away of the unseemly rushing and crushing at some of the stations. It will also settle the question that has been disputed by the defendant in this matter as to whether side door cars will be more serviceable and help in a large measure to make the sub-

FOREST FIRE AT LAKE GEORGE.

help in a large measure to make the subway more resourceful when the sixth street changes are completed.

Five Hundred Acres Owned by George Foster Peabody Already Burned Over. GLENS FALLS, N. Y., July 10 .- Damage amounting to fully a thousand dollars has been done and Prospect Mountain, at the head of Lake George, 1,400 feet above the sea level and affording one of the greatest views in northern New York, is seriously threatened by a forest fire. The flames started at the mountain base and are slowly working up the mountain.

The fire, which had been smoldering for several days during the present dry spell, broke out into a raging conflagration last night, defying the efforts of 200 of the fire wardens to put it under contral. This morning the flames were still spreading, eating their way through the virgin forest and undergrowth of the lower mountainside, and driving the firefighters further up the mountain to start a new heaffine up the mountain to start a new backfire trench. The fire has already burned over trench. In a fire has already burned over five hundred acres of woodland belonging to George Foster Peabody of New York and Lake George and other property owners. It is thought that the fire can be pre-vented from destroying the wild beauty of the slope of the mountain, but the utmost efforts of the wardens will be required to accomplish this result. eccomplish this result.

Mrs. Sage Gives an Old Racetrack Tract to Sag Harber for a Playground.

SAG HARBOR, L. I., July 10 .- Mrs. Russel Sage has bought the old forty-two acre racetrack and athletic field located about a mile from the centre of this village and has presented it to the village as a playground and athletic field for the school children. There is a fine growth of timber on one end of the land. It is understood that Mrs. Sage paid \$5,000 for the tract. When Properly Hung Lovers of Art Will Have an Opportunity to See Them.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.-Just as soon as P. A. B. Widener has rearranged his magnificent gallery in his home in Elkins Park lovers of art will have an opportunity to see the famous Van Dyck paintings that he obtained during his trip abroad.

About the first thing Mr. Widener did after he entered his office this morning was to let it be known that the general public, that is to say all residents of this city and vicinity, will not view his priceless pictures. Mr. Widener said emphatioally that only those persons who appreciate high art and are interested in the Van Dycks will be permitted to view his art gallery. When the pictures are hung properly and the entire collection is rearranged cards will be issued to those persons who want to see the paintings, he said.

Mr. Widener, when asked to tell how he obtained the three Van Dycks, said: "I do not purpose to tell any person the stances of the transaction. But I will tell something of the deal. The pictures were taken from Italy about two years ago. How they got out of Genoa or who took them away I would never tell if I knew. For two years they were on the market, so I learned. The money panic recently and the great value of the Van Dycks made

them so priceless that I suppose no one wanted them just at this time.

"A certain firm of art dealers were in a position to negotiate for the transfer of "A certain firm of art dealers were in a position to negotiate for the transfer of the pictures, and when I learned that I could get three of them I knew that I could get something that I could be well proud of. The art dealers were in Paris and I got them. That's all there is to that part of the transaction. The King of Italy wanted them for the National Museum, and I understand that even now the Italian and I understand that even now the Italian Government has a law suit pending against certain persons who are suspected of know-

ing how they were taken from Italy.

"All three are in excellent condition.
The signature is still legible, although the largest painting was finished several centuries ago. There were certain conditions in the transaction that caused me to part with some of the nightness that I had in with some of the pictures that I had in Elkins Park."

SETBACK FOR FERNANDO WOOD. Justice Kelly Disapprov es of His Big Award

in Street Opening Proceedings. Justice Kelly in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday gave a decision denying the application of the Corporation Counsel to confirm the report of the commissioners in the proceedings for the opening of Avenue D from Flatbush avenue to Rogers avenue. Before the opening of the avenue was discussed Fernando Wood bought a strip of land between Fiatbush and Rogers avenues, through which Avenue D must run when opened, and, holding

the long strip just the width of the street, sold the abutting property to Magistrate Steers, who in turn sold it to others.

Wood asked for an award of \$74,882.50 for the street, and not owning any of the abutting property he would escape all the assessments incidental to the opening. The abutting property owners opposed the conabutting property owners opposed the con-firmation of the report of the commis-sioners, and in sustaining them Justice Kelly calls the award to Mr. Wood an "artificial valuation" brought about by his ingenuity, and says that to allow the valuation on his theory would be to put a premium on that sort of industry. He says:

I do not think that the valuation of

"I do not think that the valuation of Wood's property can be justified. This strip was not adaptable for lots. It was simply a street and was suitable for nothing but a street. I do not think the method adopted by Wood to convey the property abutting on the highway and this unusual reservation of the highway itself is justifiable."

JAPANESE STUDENT INJURED.

Explosion in the Chemical Laboratory in Morse Hall, Cornell University.

ITHACA, N. Y., July 10 .- S. F. E. Yang, a graduate of Tokio University and who is studying in the Cornell summer school, was painfully injured by an explosion in the

painfully injured by an explosion in the chemical laboratory in Morse Hall this afternoon and narrowly escaped being totally blinded by flying glass.

Yang was leaning over a hydrogen generator while performing an experiment, a little acid fell into the glass flask filled with hydrogen and there was a sharp explosion which frightened the students throughout the building. The flask was shattered into a thousand pieces and when his companions rushed to Yang's side they found his face covered with blood and blood rushed from his nose. With characteristic stoicism he absolutely refused to go home and continued at his desk, but finally left and went to his room, where the wounds were dressed. to his room, where the wounds were dresse